

# Outdoor Part Planning Checklist

Material choice matters, but outdoor durability starts with the actual service environment and the design.

- **Sun and weather**  
Define UV exposure, rain, humidity, standing water, dirt and expected service life. ASA is generally the first choice when long-term UV/weather resistance is important.
- **Temperature**  
Estimate both ambient and local heat. A dark part inside a parked vehicle can see very different temperatures from a shaded garden clip.
- **Loads**  
Identify sustained loads, impact, vibration and fastener loads. Do not assume ASA is suitable for safety-critical structural use without validation.
- **Print orientation**  
Orient the part so important loads do not rely unnecessarily on the weakest layer-to-layer direction.
- **Stress concentrations**  
Use generous radii or fillets around corners, holes and section changes where practical.
- **Fasteners**  
Provide enough wall thickness and bearing area around holes. Consider washers, inserts or captured hardware where appropriate.
- **Water management**  
Avoid pockets that trap rainwater or debris. Add slopes, drain holes or open-bottom geometry where needed.
- **Color and solar heat**  
Dark colors absorb more solar heat. Consider the real thermal environment when selecting color, wall thickness and clearance.
- **Inspection and replacement**  
Make exposed parts easy to inspect and replace. Consider how wear, cracking or deformation would be noticed before it causes a larger problem.
- **Validate the real part**  
Test the actual printed part, filament grade, orientation and load case before relying on it in demanding service.

This checklist is a planning aid, not an engineering certification. Material properties and printed-part performance depend on grade, process, geometry and orientation.